## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, December 2012 Systems Software

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions selecting, atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

- 1 a. Explain all the addressing modes supported by SIC/XE by indicating the different bit settings in an instruction. (08 Marks)
  - b. Write a sequence of instructions for SIC/XE to set BETA equal to ALPHA + INCR 1 and
  - c. DELTA equal to GAMMA + INCR 1. (Use register operation). (06 Marks) Write a subroutine in SIC to read a 100 byte record from a device 'F5' into memory.

(06 Marks)

- 2 a. Explain the following assembler directives, with an example each:
  - i) START
- ii) BYTE
- iii) RESW
- iv) BASE.

(04 Marks)

b. Write an algorithm for pass -1 of assembler.

(06 Marks)

c. Generate the complete object program for the following ALP. Assume standard SIC model and assume the following:

 $LDA \rightarrow 00$  TIX - 2C  $LDX \rightarrow 04$  JLT - 38 $STA \rightarrow OC$  RSUB - 4C

 $ADD \rightarrow 18$ 

Source program

SUM	START	4000
FIRST	LDX	ZERO
	LDA	ZERO
LOOP	ADD	TABLE, X
	TIX	COUNT
	JLT	LOOP
	STA	TOTAL
	RSUB	
TABLE	RESW	2000
COUNT	RESW	1
ZERO	WORD	0
TOTAL	RESW	1
	END	FIRST

(10 Marks)

- 3 a. Distinguish between literal and immediate operands. How does the assembler handler the literal operand? (06 Marks)
  - b. Explain the absolute and relative expression? How these are processed by an assembler?

(06 Marks)

c. Explain how multipass assembler handles the following forward reference

(08 Marks)

1	HALFSZ	EQU	MAXLEN/2
2	MAXLEN	EQU	BUFEND - BUFFER
3	PREVIST	EQU	BUFFER - 1
4	BUFFER	RESB	4096
5	BUFEND	EQU	*

Assume that when assembler reaches line no.4, location counter contains 1034 (Hex).

- 4 a. Explain the functions of loader. Also write an SIC /XE ALP for boot strap loader. (08 Marks)
  - b. Explain the various data structures used for a linking loader?

(06 Marks)

c. Discuss the different loader options, with an example each.

(06 Marks)

## PART - B

- 5 a. What is an interactive editor? Explain briefly structure of a typical editor, with help of suitable block diagram (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the functions and capabilities of an interactive debugging system. (06 Marks)
  - c. Write a note on user interface criteria.

(04 Marks)

- 6 a. Explain the various data structures used in the implementation of macroprocessors. (08 Marks)
  - b. Describe the concatenation of macro processors.

(04 Marks)

- c. Using the following definition, expand the following macro invocation statements.
  - i) RDBUFF F2, BUFFER, LENGTH, (00, 03, 04)
  - ii) RDBUFF F1, BUFFER, LENGTH, (04, 12)

RDBUFF	MACRO	&INDEV, &BUFADR, &RECLTH, &EOR %
&EORCT	SET	NITEMS (&EOR)
	CLEAR	X
	CLEAR	Α
	+LDT	#4096
\$LOOP	TD	=X '&INDEV'
	JEQ	\$LOOP
	RD	= X '&INDEV'
&CTR	SET	1
	WHILE	(&CTR LE &EORCT)
	COMP	=X '0000 &EOR [&CTR]
	JEQ	\$EXIT
&CTR	SET	&CTR + 1
	<b>ENDW</b>	
	STCH	&BUFADR, X
	TIXR	T
	JLT	\$LOOP
\$EXIT	STX	&RECLTH
	MEND	

(08 Marks)

7 a. Explain the structure of a LEX program?

(06 Marks)

- b. What is a regular expression? Explain the following characters that form regular expression with example each?
  - i) [ ] ii) { } iii) \.

(08 Marks)

c. Write is LEX program to count the number of vowels and consonants in a given string.

(06 Marks)

- 8 a. What is shift reduce parsing? Explain the processing of input "fred = 14 + 23 11" and represent it, using parse tree. (10 Marks)
  - b. Write YACC program to evaluate the arithmetic expression. Consider all possible cases.

(08 Marks)

c. Explain the use of rule's action?

(02 Marks)

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